TOSHIBA Schottky Barrier Rectifier Schottky Barrier Type

# CUS03

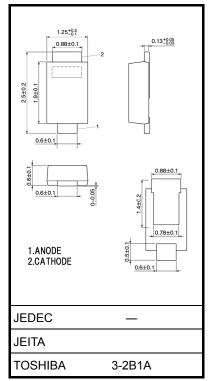
## Switching Mode Power Supply Applications Portable Equipment Battery Application

- Forward voltage:  $V_{FM} = 0.52 \text{ V@IF} = 0.7 \text{ A}$
- Average forward current:  $I_{F}(AV) = 0.7A$
- Repetitive peak reverse voltage:  $V_{RRM} = 40 V$
- Suitable for compact assembly due to small surface-mount package "US-FLAT<sup>TM</sup>" (Toshiba package name)

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V <sub>RRM</sub>	40	V
Average forward current	I <sub>F (AV)</sub>	0.7 (Note 1)	А
Peak one cycle surge forward current	I <sub>FSM</sub>	20 (50 Hz)	А
Junction temperature	Tj	-40 to 150	°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to 150	°C

Note 1: Ta = 53°C: Device mounted on a glass-epoxy board Board size: 50 mm × 50 mm, Land size: 6 mm × 6 mm Rectangular waveform ( $\alpha$  = 180°), V<sub>R</sub> = 20 V



Weight: 0.004 g (typ.)

Note 2: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/Derating Concept and Methods) and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

## Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Peak forward voltage	V <sub>FM (1)</sub>	I <sub>FM</sub> = 0.1 A	_	0.37	_	V
	V <sub>FM (2)</sub>	I <sub>FM</sub> = 0.7 A	_	0.48	0.52	v
Repetitive peak reverse current	I <sub>RRM (1)</sub>	V <sub>RRM</sub> = 5 V	_	0.4	—	
	I <sub>RRM (2)</sub>	V <sub>RRM</sub> = 40 V	_	3.0	100	μA
Junction capacitance	Cj	V <sub>R</sub> = 10 V, f = 1.0 MHz	_	45	_	pF
Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	R <sub>th (j-a)</sub>	Device mounted on a ceramic board (board size: 50 mm $\times$ 50 mm) (soldering land: 2 mm $\times$ 2 mm) (board thickness: 0.64 t)	_	_	75	°C/W
		Device mounted on a glass-epoxy board (board size: 50 mm × 50 mm) (soldering land: 6 mm × 6 mm) (board thickness: 1.6 t)	_	_	150	
Thermal resistance (junction to lead)	R <sub>th (j-ł)</sub>	Junction to lead of cathode side		—	30	°C/W

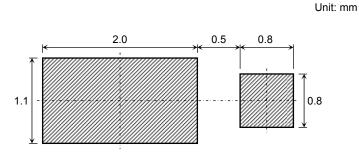
Unit: mm

# <u>TOSHIBA</u>

#### Marking

Abbreviation Code	Part No.		
3	CUS03		

# Standard Soldering Pad



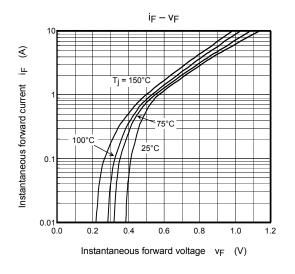
### **Handling Precaution**

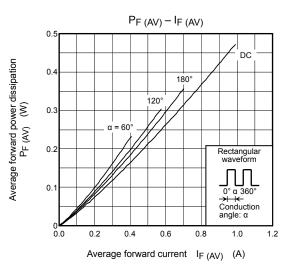
- Schottky barrier diodes have reverse current characteristics compared to other diodes. There is a possibility SBD may cause thermal runaway when it is used under high temperature or high voltage. Please take forward and reverse loss into consideration during design.
- 2) The absolute maximum ratings denote the absolute maximum ratings, which are rated values and must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant. The following are the general derating methods that we recommend when you design a circuit with a device.
  - VRRM: Use this rating with reference to (1) above. VRRM has a temperature coefficient of 0.1%/°C. Take this temperature coefficient into account when designing a device at low temperature.
  - IF (AV): We recommend that the worst case current be no greater than 80% of the absolute maximum rating of

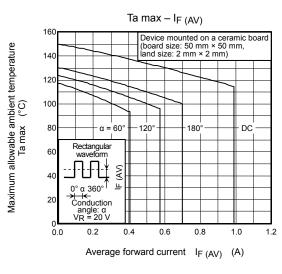
 $I_F$  (AV) and  $T_j$  be below 120°C. When using this device, please take the margin into consideration by using an allowable Tamax-IF (AV) curve.

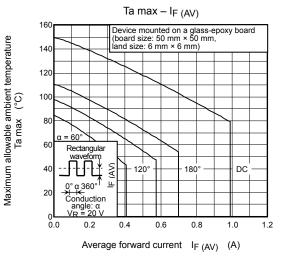
- IFSM: This rating specifies the non-repetitive peak current. This is only applied for an abnormal operation, which seldom occurs during the lifespan of the device.
- T<sub>j</sub>: Derate this rating when using a device to ensure high reliability. We recommend that the device be used at a T<sub>j</sub> of below 120°C.
- 3) Thermal resistance between junction and ambient fluctuates depending on the device's mounting condition. When using a device, design a circuit board and a soldering land size to match the appropriate thermal resistance value.
- 4) Please refer to the Rectifiers databook for further information.

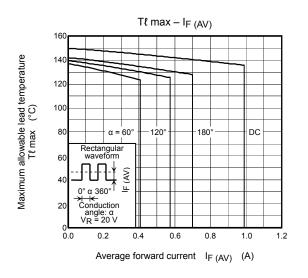
# **TOSHIBA**



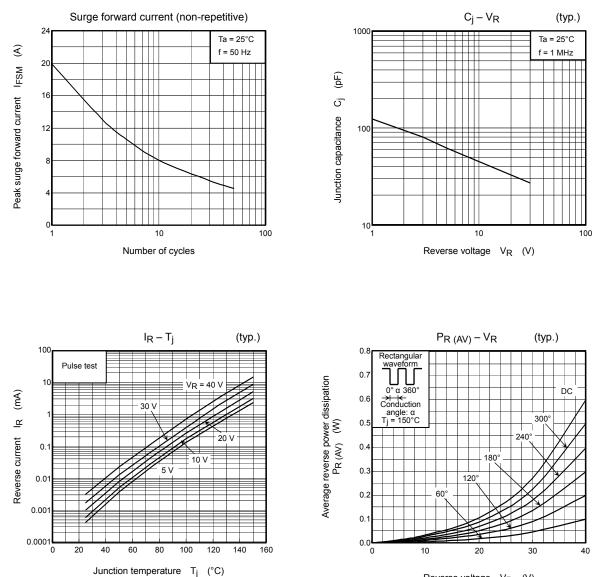








r<sub>th (j-a)</sub> – t 10000 Device mounted on a ceramic board Soldering land: 2.0 mm × 2.0 mm
 Device mounted on a glass-epoxy board Soldering land: 6.0 mm × 6.0 mm
 Device mounted on a glass-epoxy board Standard soldering pad Transient thermal impedance rth (j-a) (°C/W) 1000 <u>+</u>+++++ (3) (2) 100 1 0.001 0.01 0.1 10 100 1000 1 Time t (s)



Reverse voltage  $V_R$  (V)

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