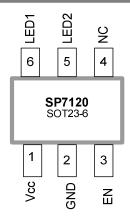


2 or 3 Channel Low Dropout High Side Linear LED Driver

FEATURES

- LED Driver for common cathode parallel connected LEDs
- Ultra Low Dropout Voltage of 150mV
- No EMI, no switching noise
- Integrated current matching
- PWM and Analog brightness control
- Enable/Shutdown control
- Shutdown current < 1μA
- Lead Free, RoHS Compliant Package: Small footprint SOT23-6



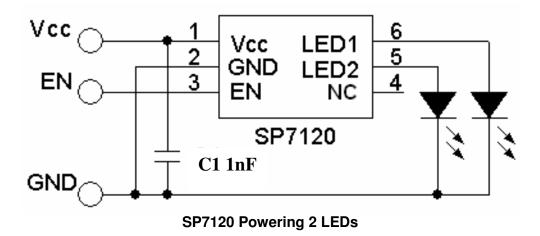
APPLICATIONS

- Mobile Phones
- PDA, DSC, MP3 players
- Handheld Computers
- Keypads and display backlight

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SP712X driver's family provides a simple solution for a matched current source for any color common cathode LED configuration. The common cathode connection allows the user to increase the LED power dissipation by having the cathodes heat-sinked to the ground plane of the circuit board. The SP7120 may drive two LEDs or one LED at twice the current with two channels connected in parallel. The SP7122 can drive three LEDs or one LED at three times the current. The factory preset current values are 15mA (version A), 20mA (version B), or 25mA (version C) per channel. In shutdown mode (EN pin is LOW), the supply current drops to 40nA typical. The SP712x drivers are available in a small footprint 6-pin SOT23-6 package.

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended period may affect reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Ambient operating temperature -40 to+85 ℃

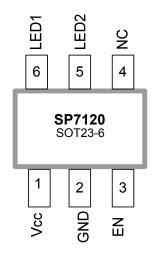
Vcc, V _{LED1} , V _{LED2} , and EN to GND -0.3V t	o 6V
Junction Temperature+1	50℃
Operating Temperature40 to +	85°C
Storage Temperature65 °C to +15	50°C
Package Thermal resistance θJA190°	W/O
ESD Level2kV	HBM
ESD Level200V	′ MM
ESD Level EN1.5kV	HBM
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)39	00℃

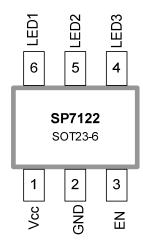
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Specifications are at Ta=25°C, Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5, ENABLE =Vcc

Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions		
Vcc		2.7		5.5	V			
Shutdown Current	Shutdown Current		0.04	1	μΑ	EN = LOW		
VLED Dropout Vo	Itage, Vd 1		160	200	mV	Vcc = 5.5V, ILED = 20mA		
VLED Dropout vol	ltage, Vd ¹		140	180	mV	Vcc = 5.5V, ILED = 15mA		
LED Current per Channel	Version A		15			V _D = 300mV		
	Version B		20		mA	V _D = 300mV		
Onamie	Version C		25			VD = 300mV		
	Version A		0.5	0.7				
	Version B		0.7	1.1		SP7120 at V _D = 300mV		
Quiescent	Version C		0.86	1.7	mA			
Current	Version A		0.6	8.0	11174			
	Version B		0.9	1.2		SP7122 at V _D = 300mV		
	Version C		0.99	1.9				
LED to LED Curre			0.8		%	$Vcc = 5.5V, V_D > 300mV$		
LED Current Accu	ıracy ²	-3		3	%	300mV <vd<1.0v< td=""></vd<1.0v<>		
LED Current Line	Regulation ³			.25	%/V	2.7V < Vcc < 5.5V		
LED Current Load	LED Current Load Regulation ⁴			1.0	%/mA	300mV < V _D < 1.0V		
LED Current Thermal Regulation			0.01		%/ ⁰ C	$V_D = 300 \text{mV}$		
EN ON Voltage (HIGH) ⁵		2		Vcc	V			
EN OFF Voltage (LOW)		0		0.8	V			
EN Input Bias Current		2	3	5	μΑ	VEN = Vcc = 5.5V		
EN Switching Frequency				20	kHz			
EN ON Minimum Pulse Width				15	μs			

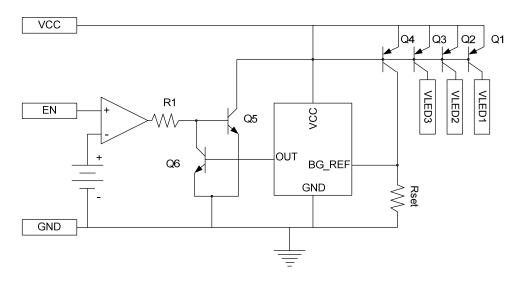
- 1) Difference between Vcc voltage and LED anode voltage at which ILED current drops 10% from nominal value
- 2) ILED Current Variations from specified value
- 3) ILED Current Variations per volt Vcc change for any given temperature
- 4) ILED Current Variations at VD change from 0.3V to 1.0V
- 5) EN input voltage should not exceed Vcc voltage at any condition
- 6) This condition is part of the LED current accuracy and it shall not exceed that specification





Pin Name	SP7120	SP7122	Pin Description		
Vcc	1	1	Power input pin. Bypass Vcc to GND with 1nF capacitor as close to Vin as possible		
GND	2	2	Ground pin		
EN	3	3	Enable pin. Device is active if EN is logic HIGH		
NC	4		No Connect should be left floating		
LED3		4	Connect anode of LED3		
LED2	5	5	Connect anode of LED2		
LED1	6	6	Connect anode of LED1		

BLOCK DIAGRAM



Part Number	Output Current per channel	Number of Channels	Comments		
SP7120A	15mA	2	Channels can be combined for higher output current		
SP7120B	20mA	2	Channels can be combined for higher output current		
SP7120C	25mA	2	Channels can be combined for higher output current		
SP7122A	15mA	3	Channels can be combined for higher output current		
SP7122B	20mA	3	Channels can be combined for higher output current		
SP7122C	25mA	3	Channels can be combined for higher output current		

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The SP712X drivers are regulated current sources with an enable input. The SP7120 and SP7122 have factory preset LED current at three programmed levels: 15mA, 20mA or 25mA (versions A, B, and C respectively). The SP712X circuit consists of enable, bandgap reference, and current amplifier circuit blocks. Enable circuit block provides the enable and PWM function for the SP712x. The bandgap reference provides a stable voltage source from which the output current is derived.

ENABLE

The SP712X drivers have a low current shutdown function. In shutdown mode, the part draws less than $1\mu A$ current maximum. The part can be set into shutdown mode using the EN pin (EN = LOW). The enable pin cannot be left floating. There are no predefined internal states, so leaving this pin open will cause the part to operate incorrectly.

PWM Dimming

The SP712X drivers allow LED-dimming control by applying PWM signaling to EN pin. The acceptable frequency range of this signal is 100Hz to 20 kHz. The minimum ON time that is required for the Enable pin is 15µs. Thus for a 2kHz PWM signal, the acceptable duty cycle range is 3% to 100%. To find the minimum PWM duty cycle the following steps are needed:

Step 1: Determine the time period of the PWM frequency

$$T = \frac{1}{PWMf}$$

Where PWMf is the PWM frequency

Step 2: take the minimum enable ON time; this is 15µS for the SP712x parts

%Minimum Duty Cycle =
$$\left(\frac{15uS}{T}\right) \cdot 100$$

Example

For a 2kHz signal the minimum duty cycle for the PWM signal is

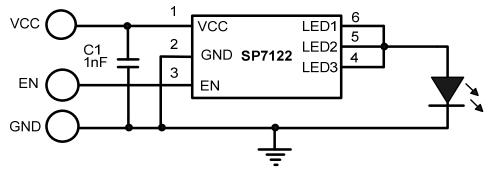
$$T = \frac{1}{2000Hz} = 500uS$$

$$\%Minimum \ Duty \ Cycle = \left(\frac{15uS}{500uS}\right) \cdot 100$$

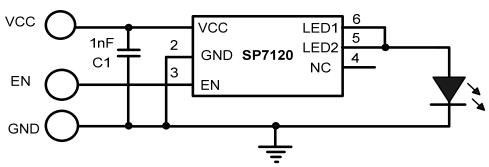
%Minimum Duty cycle = 3%

Fault Operation

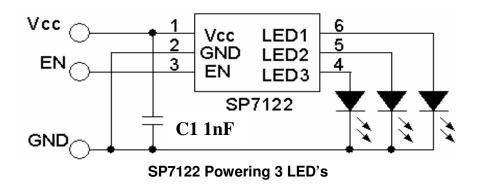
If one of LEDs is shorted, the voltage across The Sp712X for that LED pin will be Vcc, but that channel will still provide the nominal current value thus increasing power dissipation. If all channels are shorted, excessive power dissipation may damage the device. If an LED is open, the LED pin voltage will be pulled up to Vcc, and LED current will be reduced to 3mA for the other channels.

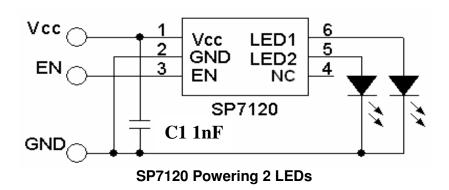


Powering 1 high power LED IOUT up to 75mA with C version



Powering 1 high power LED IOUT up to 50mA with C version

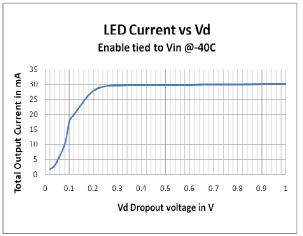




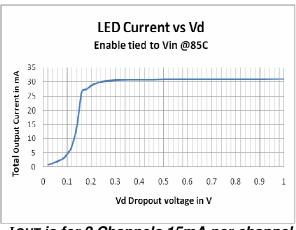
To obtain the best performance from the SP712X, a printed circuit board with ground plane is required. High quality, low series resistance ceramic 1nF bypass capacitors should be used at the Vcc and GND pins. This capacitor must be located as close to the pins as possible. The traces connecting the pins and these capacitors must be kept short and should be made as wide as possible.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE SP7120A

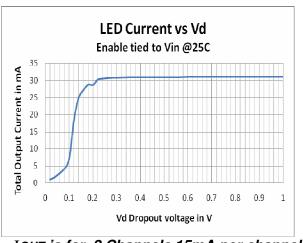
The quiescent current is part of the total output current



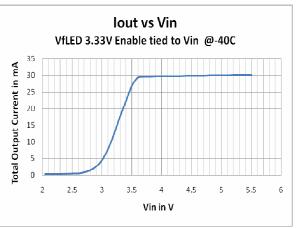
IOUT is for 2 Channels 15mA per channel



IOUT is for 2 Channels 15mA per channel

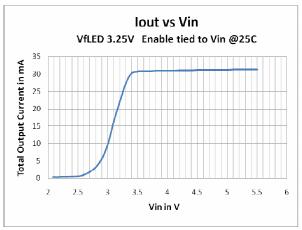


IOUT is for 2 Channels 15mA per channel

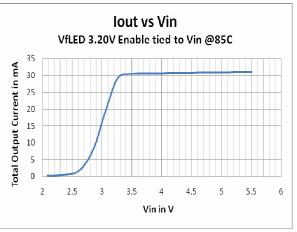


IOUT is for 2 Channels 15mA per channel

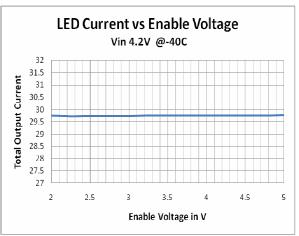
The quiescent current is part of the total output current



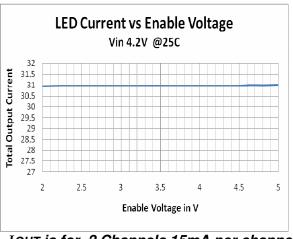
IOUT is for 2 Channels 15mA per channel



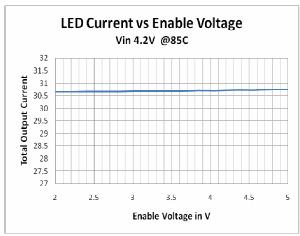
IOUT is for 2 Channels 15mA per channel



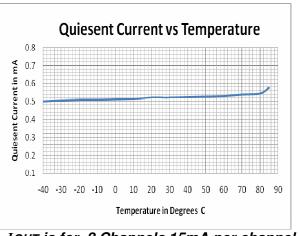
IOUT is for 2 Channels 15mA per channel



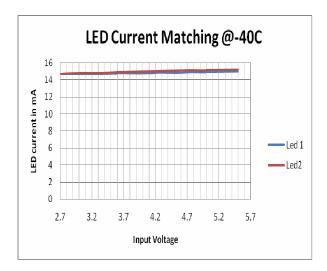
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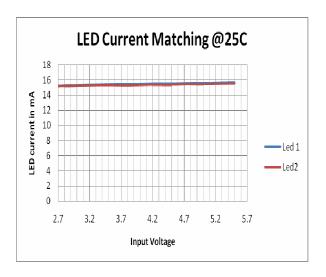


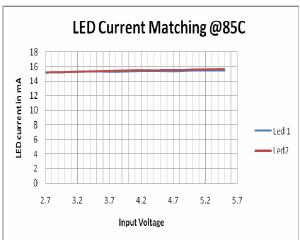
IOUT is for 2 Channels 15mA per channel

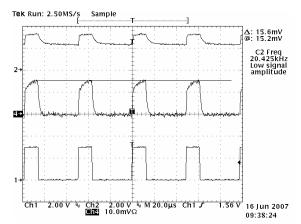


IOUT is for 2 Channels 15mA per channel

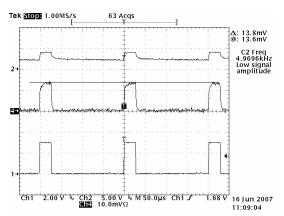




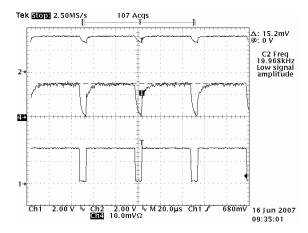




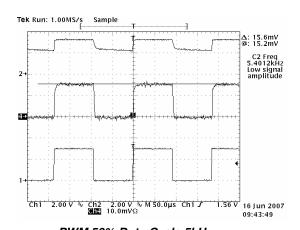
PWM Minimum duty cycle 15μS 20kHz
CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED
CH4: LED current 10mA/div



PWM Low duty cycle 15µS 5kHz CH1: PWM Signal CH2: Anode of LED CH4: LED current 10mA/div



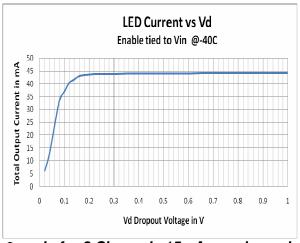
PWM High Duty Cycle 20kHz
CH1: PWM Signal CH2: Anode of LED
CH4: LED current 10mA/div



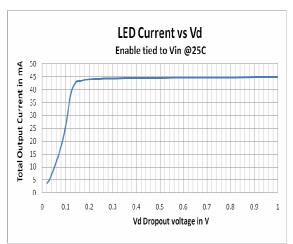
PWM 50% Duty Cycle 5kHz
CH1: PWM Signal CH2: Anode of LED
CH4: LED current 10mA/div

■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE SP7122A

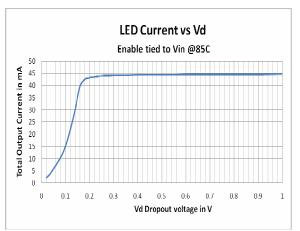
The quiescent current is part of the total output current



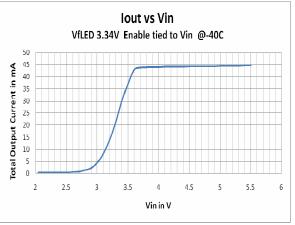
IOUT is for 3 Channels 15mA per channel



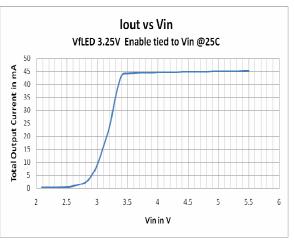
IOUT is for 3 Channels 15mA per channel



IOUT is for 3 Channels 15mA per channel



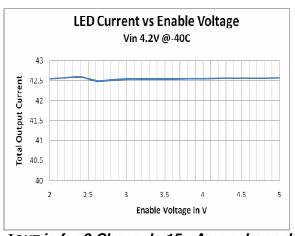
IOUT is for 3 Channels 15mA per channel



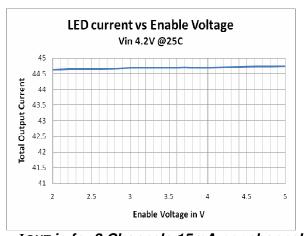
IOUT is for 3 Channels 15mA per channel



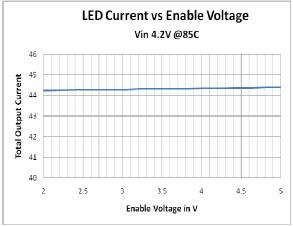
IOUT is for 3 Channels 15mA per channel



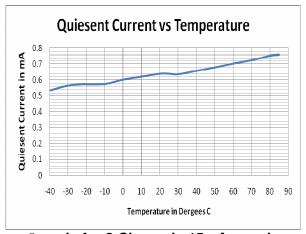
IOUT is for 3 Channels 15mA per channel



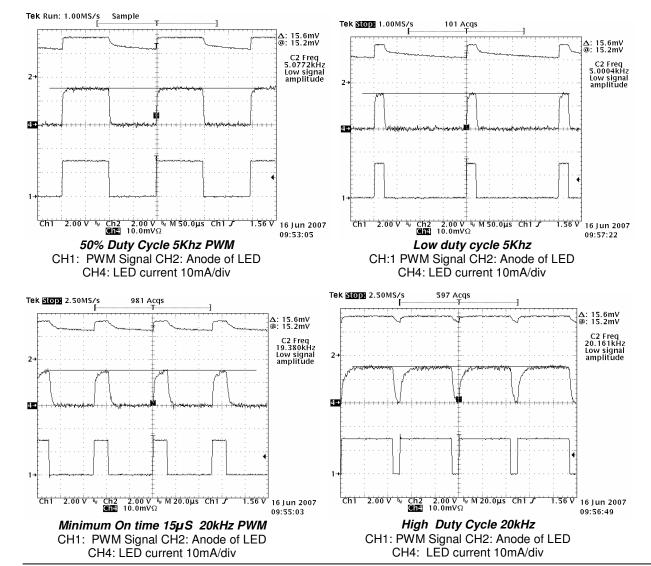
IOUT is for 3 Channels 15mA per channel



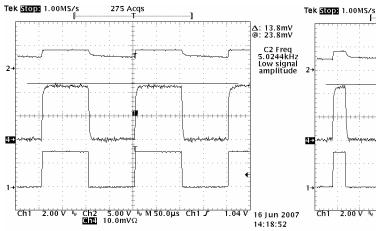
IOUT is for 3 Channels 15mA per channel



IOUT is for 3 Channels 15mA per channel



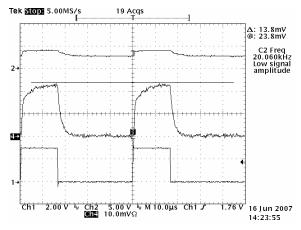
Δ: 13.8mV @: 23.8mV

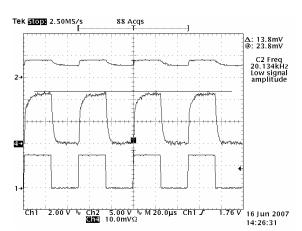


PWM 50% Duty Cycle Single LED 5kHz CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED

H1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED CH4: LED current 20mA/div

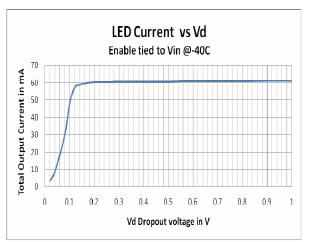
PWM Low Duty Cycle Single LED 5kHz
CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED
CH4: LED current 20mA/div



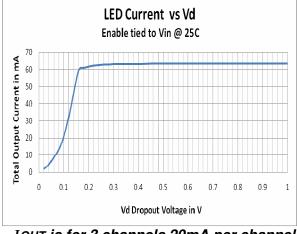


PWM Minimum on time 15μS Single LED 20kHz
CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED
CH4: LED current 20mA/div

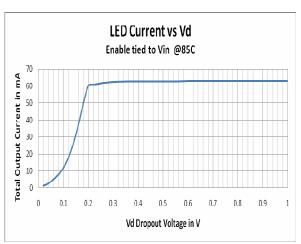
PWM 50% Single LED 20kHz
CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED
CH4: LED current 20mA/div



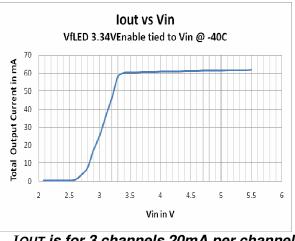
IOUT is for 3 channels 20mA per channel



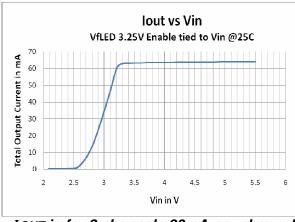
IOUT is for 3 channels 20mA per channel



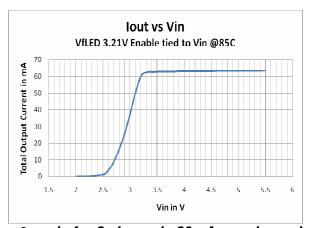
IOUT is for 3 channels 20mA per channel



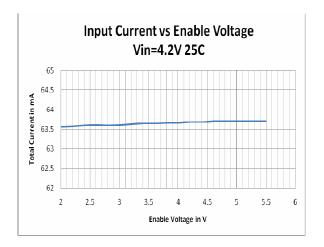
IOUT is for 3 channels 20mA per channel

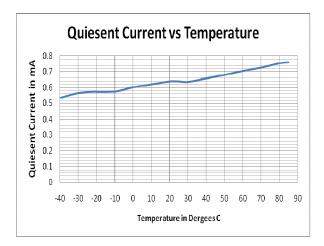


IOUT is for 3 channels 20mA per channel



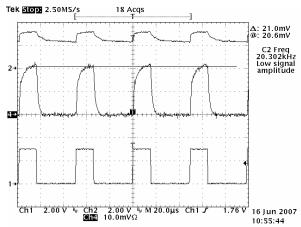
IOUT is for 3 channels 20mA per channel

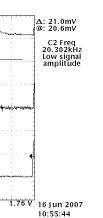


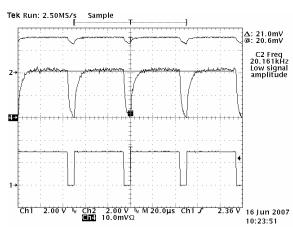


IOUT is for 3 channels 20mA per channel

IOUT is for 3 channels 20mA per channe

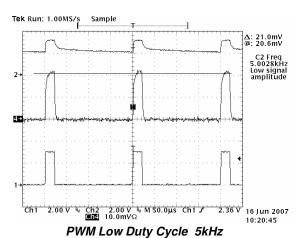


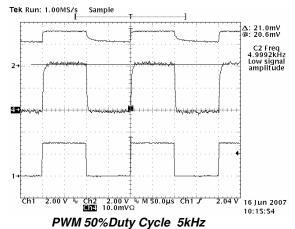




PWM Minimum on time 15µS 20kHz CH1: PWM Signal CH2: Anode of LED CH4: LED current 10mA/div

PWM High Duty Cycle 20kHz CH1: PWM Signal CH2: Anode of LED CH4: LED current 10mA/div

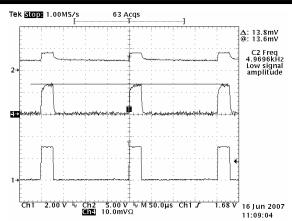




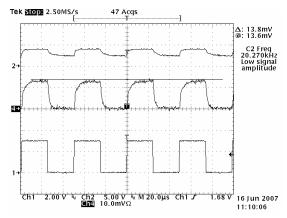
CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED CH4: LED current 10mA/div

CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED CH4: LED current 10mA/div

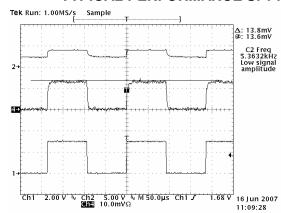
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE SP7122B



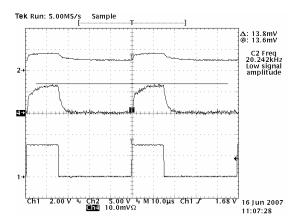
PWM Low Duty Cycle Single LED 5kHz
CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED
CH4: LED current 50mA/div



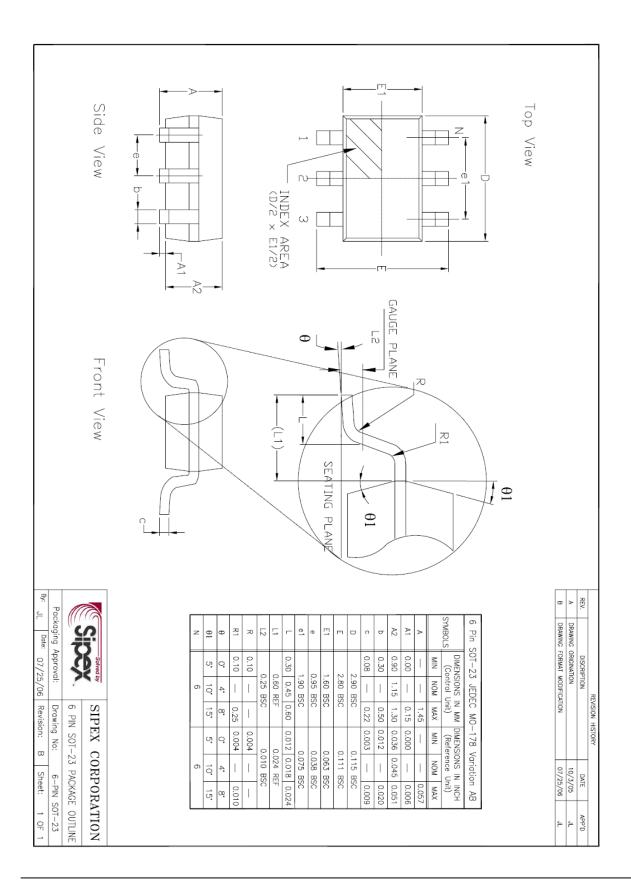
PWM 50% Duty Cycle Single LED 20kHz
CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED
CH4: LED current 50mA/div



PWM 50% Duty Cycle Single LED 5kHz
CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED
CH4: LED current 50mA/div



PWM Minimum Duty Cycle 15uS Single LED 20kHz
CH1: PWM Signal CH2 Anode of LED
CH4: LED current 50mA/div



Part Number	Temp Range	Package Type	RoHS/ Lead Free	Output Current per Channel	# of Channels	θJA (°C/W)	Moisture Sensitivity Level
SP7120AEK-L/TR	-40 ℃ to +85 ℃	SOT23-6	Yes	15mA	2	190	L1 @ 260°C
SP7120BEK-L/TR	-40 ℃ to +85 ℃	SOT23-6	Yes	20mA	2	190	L1 @ 260°C
SP7120CEK-L/TR	-40 ℃ to +85 ℃	SOT23-6	Yes	25mA	2	190	L1 @ 260°C
SP7122AEK-L/TR	-40 ℃ to +85 ℃	SOT23-6	Yes	15mA	3	190	L1 @ 260°C
SP7122BEK-L/TR	-40 ℃ to +85 ℃	SOT23-6	Yes	20mA	3	190	L1 @ 260°C
SP7122CEK-L/TR	-40 ℃ to +85 ℃	SOT23-6	Yes	25mA	3	190	L1 @ 260°C

Pack quantity is 2500 for SOT23-6 tape and reel.

For further assistance:

Email: <u>Sipexsupport@sipex.com</u>

WWW Support page: http://www.sipex.com/content.aspx?p=support
Sipex Application Notes: http://www.sipex.com/applicationNotes.aspx



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